

# **IRIDOSSOMATOLOGY**

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**In our opening words we would like to pay tribute to the illustrious men of Iridology. Peezeli, Liliquist, Angerer, Deck, Viola, Felke, Hense, Thiel, Schnabel, Maubach and Lezaeta, among others deserve our most profound gratitude. There is, however, a special star in the constellation of Iridology, who we wish to honor: Celso Batelo, a star whose light will always impart knowledge of the highest significance.**

**After this short preamble, let us move on to the subject at hand.**

## **Iridossomatology**

**Why Iridossomatology, and not Iridology?**

**Iridossomatology, in respect to those who we have just paid tribute to. Those who idealized and developed Iridology. We could not violate the good memory of those who deserve nothing but our deepest respect. We could not even dare embed a new pillar of approximation of one's life into Iridology. But who was Arnaldo Gauer? Certainly not someone who had the authority or even the desire to introduce a new pillar. We knew what we were doing. Iridossomatology is, thus, Iridology that includes that new pillar, and that is all.**

**What is this pillar? It is called Biodynamometry. In which:**

**BIO = LIFE  
DYNAMIS = POWER  
METRY = measurement**

**So then, Iridossomatology is the measurement of the force of life assessed through the iris. Focusing the state of the organism as a whole, it allows an overall physiological assessment of the consultants' state of health.**

**The technical amplitude of this technique explains the generation of comparable facts and figures.**

**The comparison of this information maximizes the diagnosis to its highest level of effectiveness. Fifteen are the vectors to be analyzed and assessed. Each one indicates the strength or the weakness of a certain function. This information is written on a chart that we call an Iridossomatogram or Biodynamometrism. Each vector gets a grade from zero to 1000 that portrays its functioning according to the table below:**

<b>Good function</b>	<b>from 931 to 1000</b>
<b>Good function with restrictions</b>	<b>from 801 to 930</b>
<b>High regular function</b>	<b>from 531 to 800</b>
<b>Medium regular function</b>	<b>from 370 to 530</b>
<b>Poor regular function</b>	<b>below 370</b>

**The Biodynamometrism of each of the fifteen vectors are the ones established in the biodynamometric charts. One or another of the 10,000 decodifications is registered on the iridosomatogram according to the case.**

**What is an Iridossomatogram? It is a Health Report on which the coefficients of health resultant from each of the fifteen vectors are shown. Besides the results of each of the fifteen vectors, the vector measurements are added up to obtain the coefficient of global health, which ranges from 0000 to 15,000.**

**This globalized biodynamometry will show the examiner the overall state of health or the severity of a disease, as per the following interpretation below:**

<b>Good health</b>	<b>from 14,000 to 15,000</b>
<b>Good health with restrictions</b>	<b>from 12,001 to 13,999</b>
<b>Good health in transition to high regular</b>	<b>from 10,001 to 12,000</b>
<b>High regular</b>	<b>from 8,001 to 10,000</b>
<b>Low regular</b>	<b>from 5,501 to 8,000</b>
<b>Poor</b>	<b>under 5,501</b>

**With this report the professional will have collected enough information to take a decision. The professional will not be troubled by the weight that a sign might have. Without these biodynamometric elements it would be difficult to make an assessment about the risk that each sign represents: a gap, a vault, the derangement of fibers, etc.**

**Now with biodynamometry – the measure of health – on the Health Report, it is possible to accomplish highly accurate diagnosis.**

**It's worth trying it out!**